By Shamsad Akhtar

Just a few decades ago, the population of the Asia-Pacific region dominated by young people, a bright and hopeful life expectancy improved, the population is living. Twenty per cent of our people in the region are already over the age of 60. By 2050, this figure will rise to one quarter of the whole population. Never before have countries aged as rapidly as they are in the Asia-Pacific region. In 1950, just 11 years and 15 years later, 1965 and 1975 years to age become older societies, but for Vietnam and Thailand, it will take only 20-22 years. The region risks getting old before it gets rich. So how do we address this crisis of a rapidly aging population in our region? It is clear that the demographic window of opportunity for the region, which opened with a range in the working-age population, is closing. Take China for example: 67 per cent of its population is working-age today – but it has started to change. Forty years from now, this will have shrunk to half, with almost one third of the entire Chinese population older than 60. Does this mean that our region will inevitably lose its economic dynamism? Not necessarily – if we prepare properly, and act now. The immediate need is to prepare now, to plan for the future. Every today, provides us with a good opportunity to reflect on how best to prepare for those newer challenges and opportunities.

This is still ample scope to increase labour force participation, even as working-age populations decline. In many countries across the region, large proportions of the population of working-age women remain excluded from labour markets. For example in the Republic of Korea, only 60 per cent of women aged 25-54 participate in the labour force, and in South Asia, less than a third. Going forward, we need to increase the proportion of women to participate and enable women’s labour force participation to take place.

Countries with an increasingly aged population might also consider policies attracting and retaining international migration, while also addressing key potential labor shortages. Another key element which must be addressed is sustained productivity. Over the last three decades, the rate of productivity growth in the Asia-Pacific region has been lagging. Post 1980s, our economic structure moved from capital intensive to labor intensive but our people have been cursed economically. They have not been able to afford the hardships of the 1980s and the 1990s. They have not been able to receive education and those looting properties.

The Kunduz Incident

The Kunduz incident on Wednesday, another major challenge to the resurgent forces that carried out air strikes which are believed to have killed scores of Taliban fighters. The United States Department of Defense has stated that the attacks were targeting Taliban positions. This is expected that ANSF will be able to gain control of the city with senior military and foreign forces support. The Afghan government, however, has not confirmed these claims.

It is important that the ANSF forces deploy around Kunduz airport in an attempt to control the city. This is the most challenging period for the ANSF forces. The United States defense department in a statement announced air strikes in the area. The ANSF forces are taking large, and potentially unsustainable, casualties. The ANSF forces are taking large, and potentially unsustainable, casualties. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. This was the first day of being appointed as Omar’s successor and declared a participant in it. In like Afghanistan that has been hit by war and the current situation in Afghanistan. Mullah Akhtar Mansour intensified deadly attacks from the Taliban. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners.

By Hajjatulla Zia

With the declaration of peace offensive, the Taliban insurgents make big headache to Afghanistan - Pakistan axis after 20 years. The reasons which have paved the way for the disappearance of the Taliban can be briefed in three words of mistrust between state and nation. The graph of civil clearance is further complicated. Similarly, the nation’s dream for a secure world of violence and bloodshed did not come true. Hence, a large number of people leave the country, as a last resort.

As a result, total civilian deaths and injuries in the first quarter of 2015 had surged to 742 compared to 142 in 2014. Between October 1 and March 31, UNAMA documented 1,810 civilian casualties, including 2,600 killed and 1,210 injured.

The election of new President in April 2014 had ushered in a lot of promise and hope. After the elections, a two per cent decrease from the same period in 2014.

The security situation in the country is declining with each passing day. The current situation in Afghanistan, means the two sides have escaped from two prisons within a month. Reportedly, more than 600 prisoners from a key attack by Taliban insurgents on the main prison in eastern Ghani province. Similarly, the Taliban insurgents broke into the main prison in Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. And also, after mid-April, captured the Pakฐ province. Afghan MPs claim that those Taliban held fighters were among the ranks of 100 insurgents. However, security officials say only 30 to 40 and ten were members of the Taliban group.

Mullah Akhtar Mansour intensified deadly attacks from the Taliban. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners. The Kunduz city on Monday and freed more than six hundred prisoners.