The UNODC survey found 69 percent of the poppy opium cultivation took place in the north of Afghanistan. The province of Helmand remained the leading opium poppy-cultivating region followed by Nangarhar, Khost and Paktiya in the north.

The study finds that 34 out of the 34 Afghan provinces grow the opium poppy in its different forms. In 2017, the survey found that 69 percent of the poppy opium cultivation took place in the north of Afghanistan. The province of Helmand led in poppy cultivation followed by Nangarhar, Khost and Paktiya in the north.

The conference provides a platform for the Afghan government and international partners to advance peace and security. The conference also aims to emphasize the importance of mutual commitments made by the Afghan government, international partners and the community towards reform and development and in measuring results against the $152 billion in the US-Afghan National Security Assistance to Afghanistan in 2016. In August 2014, the Geneva conference on Afghanistan in November 2016 to address the security and political situation in the country in order to continue to support the international community’s efforts to establish peace and safety in the country.

The conference on Afghanistan in 2016 was jointly hosted by Afghan government and international partners. The conference aimed to support international partners and the government of Afghanistan in their efforts to bring about peace and security for the Afghan people through economic and political reforms.

The study finds that 34 out of the 34 Afghan provinces grow opium poppy by 56 percent to $604 million, the UNODC survey estimated that the cultivation of opium poppy in Afghanistan in 2018 decreased by 56 percent to $604 million, compared to 2017. The reduction in opium poppy cultivation is expected to have a positive impact on the Afghan economy and on the lives of the Afghan people. The study finds that 34 out of the 34 Afghan provinces grow opium poppy by 56 percent to $604 million, the UNODC survey estimated that the cultivation of opium poppy in Afghanistan in 2018 decreased by 56 percent to $604 million, compared to 2017. The reduction in opium poppy cultivation is expected to have a positive impact on the Afghan economy and on the lives of the Afghan people.

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