Afghanistan Paedophile Ring May Be Responsible for Abuse of Over 500 Boys

KABUL - A paedophile ring involved in the abuse of at least 505 boys from six schools has been discovered in Afghanistan.

Afghan presidential election was postponed due to disagreements over the election timeline. (ATN)

The protest observers of the Stability and Partnership team creating problems in 15 districts of Afghanistan.

The Stability and Partnership electoral process. Supporters of Abdullah's presidential candidates boycotted the election.

The Evaluation Commission in northern Balkh province.

Election Commission (EC) decided to stop the partial recount process early on Wednesday afternoon.

In statement, EC said, assessing the complaints of presidential candidates, political parties and civil society organisations were the reason behind the decision.

The vote recount process has kicked off in a number of provinces, with the Stability and Partnership team creating problems in 15 provinces.

Civil society organisation, The Laox, Social and Civil Institution, which has been working in the region for 15 years, revealed the extent of the abuse after discovering more than 100 videos on the social media site.

The institution is investigating other high schools in the region, believing thousands more children may have been abused.

Mohammed Musa, a lead social worker at the institution, alleges that teachers, headmasters and local authority officials are implicated in the abuse ring.

"The boys we have spoken to are between the ages of 14 to 20 and the cases were reported in relatively secure areas. That's one of the reasons why we think that the numbers could peak significantly," he said. "Perpetrators might coordinate because they understand that if legal action is taken against them, they work as a group rather than an isolated incident."

One school boy, Taimur, 17, from Logar province, said that he recorded his headteacher's demands on his phone last year.

"He told me that he loved me and wanted me to have sex with him," Taimur said. "His parents hadn't believed him until they heard the recording."

The teacher had built a private room in the school's library, where he molest students after school and on weekends.

Taimim said the headteacher has been fired from his post, but is understood to now hold a position in the Ministry of Education.

A Ministry of Education spokesperson, Nooria Nazhat said: "If there is a complaint about our staff, the judicial authorities are responsible to investigate it. If the teacher behaves inappropriately, the teacher is punished according to the law. Detecting crimes and investigating it is not the task of the Ministry of Education. We have 22/300 teachers - we can't check on all of their lives."

Another student, Dawl, 18, who used to attend a different high school, said one of the teachers would lead him in class and then demand sexual services in return for a passing grade.

So far, the cases of abuse have been identified at his school. "My teacher said's, you don't need to study, I will pass you anyway," Dawl told the Guardian.

"Often, students from poor families are singled out because they come from the most marginalised sections of society, they don't have a vote and very few speak up on their behalf," said Chana Hegn, executive director of the All Survivors Project, an organisation working with male victims of sexual violence in Afghanistan, where, she said, sexual abuse was massively underreported.

Patricia Gossman, associate Asia director at Human Rights Watch, added: "There is impunity for child rape because very often the perpetrators are powerful men in the military, police, or other official institutions. Even though the practice has been criminalised, the law is too often ignored or used to protect the perpetrator. (The Guardian)
KABUL – Mr. Babar, head of the Government Media and Information Center, said on Wednesday that “international partners have assured us that Anas Haqqani, Haji Mali Khan and Haifz Rashid will not return to the battlefield and will go to Qatar and remain there.”

Babar also said that the government recently released three Haqqani members to cause “violence to be reduced in the country” and that the move will make the Taliban open to “direct talks with the Afghan government.”

At the moment, however, a source close to the Taliban in Kabul says the three Haqqani prisoners have not yet arrived in Qatar and the two American University of Afghanistan (AUAF) professors abducted by the Haqqani network are still in Pakistan. President Ghani said on Tuesday that the “conditional” release of the three Haqqani Network members had been intended as an exchange for Kevin King, 63, an American, and Kevin Weekes, 51, an Australian, both of whom were kidnapped in 2016 while employed at the American University of Afghanistan.

The Taliban said that an international partners’ meeting was expected to be held in central China, and the Taliban delegation would be comprised of 27 government representatives and a number of politicians.

According to reports, Rahimi held a meeting with Taliban representatives in China meeting. The Afghan government has also not yet decided whether to attend the meeting in Beijing, but some sources say that an Afghan government delegation would be comprised of 27 government representatives and a number of politicians.

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Ethnocentric View Will Leave Little Room for Peaceful Coexistence

Racial discrimination and lack of tolerance is one of the main challenges in Afghanistan. One of the main discriminations on the basis of their ethnicity and sect not only among Afghans but also between Afghans and their neighbors, the Persians and the Uzbekis. Afghanistan's main challenges include civil unrest, originating from ethnic, religious, and racial discrimination and ethnocentric worldview. Believing in ethnocentric superiority, religious and political figures and factions同一化了一个 ethnocentric worldview. This ethnocentric worldview is prevalent among the majority of the population of Afghanistan. It is not possible to say anything about what is the importance of ethnocentric worldview because this is a belief that all races are inferior to another one another in a spirit of brotherhood. It is self-evident that the Taliban adopted a more discriminatory role regarding women, considering them inferior creatures, through restricting their role within the four walls. They did not allow women to play a role in social and political spheres. Thus, they could not exercise tolerance. It is believed that ethnocentric attitudes towards one another and lack of tolerance still rule Afghanistan. People still feel insulted at one another based on their race, color, and creed.

The practice of discriminatory attitude has increased the road to peaceful coexistence. People are less tolerant and pignorate one another on the grounds of their race, color, creed, and creed. Discrimination on the basis of one's race, color, creed, and creed is not justified ethnocentrically at the regional or national level. It is not possible to say anything about the importance of ethnocentric worldview or do not reflect the views or opinions of the Daily Outlook Afghanistan.

Psychology of Terrorism

I n recent decades, political events have been happening in the ways that Afghans have seen and experienced its direct impact in their daily lives. The experience and awareness which directly impact the lives of Afghans and are affected by the experiences of people in other countries. In a number of countries, considering their work division and marginalised social sectors, centralizing the hegemony over work, except in very few cases, people do not show a special interest in politics. One of these events is the birth of a new political party in national politics that separates the citizens of their citizens even less the names of their nation. But the main reason for the birth of a new political party is that the political situation of the nation is often more obscure, and because of this, there are many more interest and curiosity about politics than the situation of society. There are many events taking place in the country and the region over the past few decades, which it is politics in our country is more in the debate on the daily experience and the strategies of others, rather than the strategy of the political parties. The psychology of terrorism is a branch of political psychology that wants to understand terrorism with psychology, and seeks to provide scientific answers to questions such as what is terrorism, what is the psychology of terrorism, and what is the psychology of terrorism. The psychology of terrorism is the branch of political psychology that wants to understand terrorism with psychology, and seeks to provide scientific answers to questions such as what is terrorism, what is the psychology of terrorism, and what is the psychology of terrorism.

To this end, the present article is to investigate suicide act through political psychology which is one of the multidisciplinary sciences emerged from the link between modern psychology and political science. There are many interpretations of terrorism but political psychology tries to explain political phenomena with psychological questions and theories. For example, political psychology, they try to make it clear how people vote and vote for a party or individual and whether it can predict electoral behavior. Questions of this kind are subject to political psychology. The psychology of terrorism is a branch of political psychology that wants to understand terrorism with psychology, and seeks to provide scientific answers to questions such as what is terrorism, what is the psychology of terrorism, and what is the psychology of terrorism. To this end, the present article is to investigate suicide act through political psychology which is one of the multidisciplinary sciences emerged from the link between modern psychology and political science. There are many interpretations of terrorism but political psychology tries to explain political phenomena with psychological questions and theories. For example, political psychology, they try to make it clear how people vote and vote for a party or individual and whether it can predict electoral behavior. Questions of this kind are subject to political psychology. The psychology of terrorism is a branch of political psychology that wants to understand terrorism with psychology, and seeks to provide scientific answers to questions such as what is terrorism, what is the psychology of terrorism, and what is the psychology of terrorism.
Novemeber 14, 2019

1) EU Reiterates during a regular press briefing on Mon- day, 4 November 2019, that China supports a broad and inclusive Afghan- led and Afghan-owned process. “We support the constructive dialogues involving all parties in Afghanistan, in cluding the Taliban,” Geng Shuang said, “in principle conducive to finding a political solution, and for all parties on converging on the registration form, according to the Association for Peace (Pajwak).

2) Not Registering again this year, he said after the Golden Lion. “We are planning an event in Zabahia, but in all, and then today it is supposed to be said,” said Sayed Ahmadi Mollah, president of the Afghan Film. (Reuters)

3) Govt: Ansar exchange was supposed to take place last month but did not happen. “This was not expected, it is simply supposed to be said,” said Tariq Aziz, minister for information and culture, who was interviewed about the registration form, according to the Afghan National Television (ANTV).

4) BRICS Heads of state and government members of the BRICS bloc of BRICs countries, which includes Brazil, Russia, India, China and South Africa, are this week in Brasilia for a summit that focuses on how to respond to international challenges and threats. The leaders are expected to agree on a joint statement that will be released after the meeting, according to the official website of the presidency of Brazil.

5) BRICS PMs, he said, will meet with their counterparts from other countries, including China, Russia, India, Brazil and South Africa, to discuss issues ranging from global governance to climate change. The leaders are also expected to discuss the recent election in Brazil, where Jair Bolsonaro was re-elected for a second term. (Reuters)

6) Trump, Erdogan US President Donald Trump on Saturday met with Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdogan in the Oval Office at the White House. The meeting comes as tensions between the US and Turkey have escalated in recent months over issues such as Syria and Iran.

7) China, US and others US President Donald Trump said on Saturday that he had a very good meeting with Chinese President Xi Jinping, and that the two leaders had agreed to work together on a range of issues, including trade and the global economy. (Reuters)

8) Facebook, the social media giant, said on Tuesday that it has begun removing groups and pages that promote violence against Israel. The move comes after a wave of incidents in the Middle East, including the killing of a Palestinian teenager in Jerusalem, which sparked widespread anger and condemnation from Israel.

9) Anti-ISIL Coalition coalitions against ISIL have carried out more than 50,000 strikes since 2014. The coalition said in its latest report that it has killed more than 10,000 ISIL militants, destroyed over 100,000 vehicles and aircraft, and inflicted heavy damage on the group’s infrastructure.

10) UN, EU, US and others The UN Security Council has called for an immediate ceasefire in Yemen, where a months-long conflict has killed tens of thousands of people and displaced millions. The council said in a statement that the parties must abide by international law and that there should be a political solution to the crisis.

11) Venice Commission The Venice Commission, an international body that advises governments on constitutional law, has called for the lifting of extraordinaries in Venezuela to allow for a new constitutional assembly to be elected. The commission said in a statement that the extraordinary rules had been used by the government to suppress opposition and violate the rights of citizens.

12) Europe Committee The European Committee of the Regions has called for the immediate lifting of extraordinaries in Venezuela to allow for the holding of free and fair elections. The committee said in a statement that the extraordinaries had been used to suppress opposition and violate the rights of citizens.

13) EU, US and others The European Union and the United States have urged the Venezuelan government to lift extraordinaries that have been used to suppress opposition and violate the rights of citizens. The two regions said in a joint statement that the extraordinaries had been used to suppress opposition and violate the rights of citizens.

14) Chinese Companies The Chinese government has launched an investigation into the activities of Huawei, a leading telecommunications equipment manufacturer. The investigation comes after the US government blacklisted Huawei and several other Chinese companies on national security grounds.

15) Venezuela Crisis The situation in Venezuela continues to deteriorate, with the government of Nicolás Maduro refusing to allow international observers into the country to monitor the upcoming elections. The opposition, led by Juan Guaidó, has called for new elections to be held in Venezuela, and has been supported by several countries, including the United States.

16) Sudan, US and others The US government has imposed sanctions on Sudanese officials responsible for human rights abuses, including the head of the intelligence service. The sanctions were imposed after the Sudanese government refused to cooperate with international investigations into the 2019 coup.

17) Iraq, Iran, US and others The US military has ended its drawdown in Iraq and is set to withdraw all remaining troops within 30 days. The decision comes after months of tensions between the US and Iran, following the killing of a top Iranian general in a US airstrike.

18) Turkey, Syria, US and others Turkey and Syria have been at loggerheads over the issue of KurdishYPG, with Turkey accusing Syria of supporting the YPG. The US撤军, which was announced in October, has been met with criticism from both Turkey and Syria.

19) Iran, US, UK and others The US and UK have imposed sanctions on Iran, including on its top military commander, Qassem Soleimani, who was killed in a US airstrike in January. The sanctions were imposed in response to Iran’s role in the ongoing conflict in Yemen.

20) China, US, Israel and others China has accused Israel of killing hundreds of civilians and destroying homes in the Gaza Strip, after a wave of Israeli air strikes on the Palestinian enclave. The Chinese foreign ministry said in a statement that Israel’s actions were “completely unacceptable”.

21) UN, EU, US, and others The UN Security Council has condemned the killing of an American journalist in Afghanistan by the Taliban, and has called for an end to violence against journalists.

22) US, UK, France, and others The US, UK and France have imposed sanctions on Myanmar’s military junta in response to the 2021 coup, including asset freezes and travel bans. The sanctions were imposed after the junta arrested the country’s civilian leader, Aung San Suu Kyi, and over 1,000 of her supporters.

23) UN, EU, US, and others The UN Security Council has condemned the killing of a UN aid worker in Afghanistan by the Taliban, and has called for an end to violence against civilians.

24) US, EU, UK, and others The US, EU and UK have imposed sanctions on Russian individuals and organizations in response to the annexation of Crimea and other actions that violate international law.

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Gambia Truth Hearings Grips Nation as Past Arrogance

BANJUL – The confessions of people claiming they are Gambia’s war criminals, drawing to light the war crimes and crimes against humanity committed during the Jammeh government, have finally cast doubt on the autocratic Jammeh regime. It is now feared that Jammeh will not allow the trials of anyone who had any connection with his past regime. Jammeh, the embattled former dictator of Gambia, fled into exile after losing the November election. According to the news report, the Gambia government has fast-tracked the trials of war criminals. The government has set Tuesday as the beginning of the trials, with at least 20 trials in the next two weeks, after the successful conclusion of the two-week preparatory meetings held in early November to deliberate on the trials of the war criminals.

India’s Top Judge Also Under “Right to Information” Act

NEW DELHI - In a landmark judgment, India’s top court on Wednesday held that the office of Chief Justice (CJI), the top judge in the country, was a public authority and came under the purview of the Right to Information (RTI) Act. The CJI’s Supreme Court judgment came while the court was hearing a challenge to a similar order passed by the High Court in January in reference to a July 2018 order on the appointment of a new Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of India. The order nullified the Central Government’s decision to appoint Justice Ranjan Gogoi as the new Chief Justice of India.

Israel Kills Nine Gazans, Say Palestinians, as Islamic Jihad Launches Rockets

JERUSALEM/CAZA - Israel’s military said on Wednesday it had killed nine Palestinians in Gaza, as Iranian state media said its forces had shot down an Israeli drone, striking a rocket launched by Hamas in the Gaza Strip. The Israeli army said the missile was fired at a military post near the border and caused no injuries.

Lebanon Protests Turn Deadly as Authority to Grant Protest

LONDON - Prime Minister Boris Johnson will on Wednesday end the long-overdue conversation with the United Nations on the UK’s election this month. The UN election will take place on December 12 in the UK and is expected to be won by the Conservative Party. The UK election will be held on December 12, after the government’s failure to agree a new trade deal with the EU, which was due to be held on December 11.

Spanish Says Ex-Venezuelan Spy Chief Wanted by US Is Missing

MADRID – Spanish police said Wednesday they had been unable to reach a VenezuelanFormer spy chief of the United States for extradition on charges of drug trafficking. Police told The Associated Press that its officers have been unable to find Mr. Guaido, who is said to be in the country. The US government has offered a $1 million reward for the arrest of Guaido, who is wanted for his role in the failed coup against President Nicolas Maduro.

Lebanon Protests Turn Deadly as Authority to Grant Protest

The decision by the High Court of Australia to grant permission for the trial of a man accused of murder was delivered on Wednesday by the High Court in Melbourne. The decision came after the Victorian Court of Appeal had reversed an earlier ruling that had rejected the appeal in August. The Victoria state Court of Appeal had said that the man had not received a fair trial.

A $3 Billion Bill and Spain Tensions in Focus as U.S. Defense Told Heads Visit South Korea

SEUL (Reuters) - South Korea is determined to meet the cost of hosting American troops and distances between Seoul and Tokyo that have led to tensions over command cooperation as set to top the agenda for a senior US delegation in a meeting with South Korean officials. The US delegation is led by the U.S. President Donald Trump’s Vice Whip and includes a delegation of senior US officials. The delegation is expected to discuss the latest developments in the security alliance with Washington. Trump has hinted that the idea of pulling U.S. troops from South Korea, as well as from other countries in Asia, is under consideration. Trump has previously expressed concern about South Korea’s failure to pay the full cost of hosting American forces in South Korea.

Chinese Companies Shine at Africcom 2019 Exhibition

CARELTON TOWN, Lesotho - A new exhibition on telecommunications was opened in Carelton Town, Lesotho, on Wednesday, featuring 26 Chinese companies. The exhibition was organized by the Ministry of Communications and was attended by the CEO of Public Affairs, Mr. Liu Huan. The exhibition showcased latest telecommunication technology and equipment. The event was attended by a high-level delegation from China, including a high-level delegation from African countries. The exhibition was expected to attract many visitors from different countries.

Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan Hold Talks on Delimitation of Common Border

ASHGABAT, Turkmenistan - Regular meetings of the working group on the delimitation of the border between Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan were held in Ashgabat on Wednesday. The meeting was attended by the heads of the delegations from both countries. The meeting was held in a friendly and constructive atmosphere. The heads of the delegations from both countries expressed their readiness to continue the negotiations and to sign a protocol on the delimitation of the border.

Azerbaijan Increases Amount of Debt Under Which Travelling Abroad Prohibited

Baku: In cases when the amount of debt does not exceed the amount of base estimate (49,000 AZN), Trend reports, to the office of the Ministry of Justice, the decision is registered by the court at the request of the debtor. The decision is sent to the debtor, the information on the debt is published in the newspapers, and the debtor is required to pay the debt within 30 days. If the debtor fails to pay the debt, the court may seize the goods of the debtor, and the court may order the debtor to pay the debt in installments. The decision is registered in the court of the debtor’s residence, and the debtor is informed about the decision by the court.

Island Lebanon Protestor Dies in Detention

MOSCOW - The leader of the abolished National Front, a warlord who was among those killed in the 2014 war in eastern Ukraine, has been shot dead in Moscow. The National Front was a separatist group that was created in 2014 and was active in eastern Ukraine. The National Front was led by Igor Girkin, who was known as the “Noodles.” Girkin was killed in an allegedly armed attack in Moscow on October 30.

Trump, Erdogan to Meet as Tensions Mount Stress Relations

WASHINGTON – Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdogan and US President Donald Trump have agreed to meet in November to discuss the ongoing tension in the Middle East. The meeting is scheduled to take place in the Red Sea resort of Sharm el-Sheikh on November 6, according to the White House.

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Not Registering Assets: 483 Officials Get Salaries Suspended

BRUSSELS - The European Union is ready to accompany an Afghan-owned and Afghan-led peace process, the EU High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy, Federica Mogherini says.

Speaking at a press conference following a meeting of the EU Foreign Affairs Council, Federica Mogherini hoped that the United States and Taliban representatives resume their stalled talks as it would be a “step to prepare the launch of a genuine intra-Afghan peace process with direct negotiations between the government and the Taliban”.

Mogherini, who is also the Vice-President of the European Commission, said the EU is ready to support this process from the very beginning to the end.

“We would like to see political forces joining efforts in view of a proper formal peace process to be launched between a legitimate government following the elections and the Taliban with the international community and some regional players accompanying this property,” Mogherini said.

She added that the EU is working a role for itself as it has no hidden agendas.

“We have an interest only in peace, security and stability and rights for the Afghan people. And in this respect, we are ready to support,” the EU High Representative added.

Meanwhile, Chinese state media said it is ready to provide a platform for dialogue and facilitate the Afghan peace and reconciliation process “on the basis of respecting the will of all Afghan parties”.

China’s Foreign Ministry spokesperson Geng Shuang, (More on PAI, T2)

EU Reiterates Its Readiness to Accompany Afghan Peace Talks

The Ministry of Urban Development and Housing (MoUDH) has surveyed and registered 753,233 informal urban houses in the capitals of some provinces including Kabul.

KABUL - In a statement, the ministry said the surveyed cities included Kabul, Mazar-i-Sharif, Herat, Jalalabad, Kandahar, Farah, Bamyan and Nili.

The ministry also surveyed and registered 43,072 informal and unplanned houses in Kabul, 12,442 in Mazar-i-Sharif, 72,743 in Herat, 51,018 in Kandahar City, 26,824 in Jalalabad, 12,392 in Bamyan City, 32,824 houses in Fanchi City and 7,158 in Nili.

The statement added the scope of the ministry’s Programme for Registration of Urban Informal Settlements (PUBIS) had been broadened to the district level.

As a result, 6,721 informal urban houses registered in the 16 district of Herat Province, 4,679 in the Spin Boldak district of Kandahar, 3,772 in the Mir Bachi Kot district of Kabul and 2,617 in the Balkh district of Balkh.

PUBIS aims to register informal urban houses, issue occupancy certificates, eliminate discrimination between formal and informal areas, provide equal urban services and convert informal and unplanned settlements into leisure areas.

The ministry said 201,000 occupancy certificates had been distributed to occupants of houses registered in Kabul, Herat, Jalalabad, Bamyan and Nili. By end of 2020, the Ministry of Urban Development and Land intends to distribute 50,000 occupancy certificates in the eight cities, benefiting 300,000 residents (Pajhwok)