HERAT - Two people have been killed in an armed clash over picking saffron harvest in west of Afghanistan.

The incident took place on Mon-

day in a village in Ghurian dis-
tric of Herat province.

Dead bodies of three Afghan cham-
demi told Ariana News that two
people were killed and one was
wounded after the two side en-
gaged in armed clashes in saffron
field.

A tribal elder is also among the
deaths, the official further said.

Arif Jalali, a chief physician in
Herat Regional Hospital said their
emergency department have received a patient who was wounded in the incident.

Kiaffir was the most expensive
espice in the world, and has long
been seen as an alternative crop to
gum pappy.

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KABUL - Some 300,000 fraudulent
votes are still in biometric data.
Abdullah Abdullah’s electoral
team said on Monday.

Noor Rahman Akhlaqi, an observer of Abdullah’s team, told a press conference that the con-
troversial 375,630 votes had possibly been regis-
tered six days after the election day after setting
the data of the devices to voting
time.

He said that more than 100,000 votes were
recorded outside the voting time and 70,000 votes
still didn’t meet photo criteria.

Earlier on Saturday, the Independent Elec-
tion Commission announced that 9,226 votes
had been detected as failing to meet criteria after fil-
tering of biometric data by Dermalog, a company
that provided biometric machines.

The commission said that 2,843,107 votes
were valid votes and that it was ready to launch aud-
iting and recounting of the votes.

Akhlaqi said that all invalid votes should be de-
deleted before the process of recounting begins.
He also said that recounting should not be done
under supervision of officials who are accused of
involvement in fraud.

---

KABUL - Prime Minister of
Afghanistan Abdullah Abdullah
is on visit to Astana to attend a
meeting of the Council of Heads of
Government at the Shanghai Co-
operation Organization, the press
service of the Kazakh PM reported.

“We attach particular importance to
important for them to travel to the neigh-
boring country. (1TV News)

KABUL - A source told Ariana News
that the presidential palace has not dis-
closed details of its delegation in order

to avoid oppositions by Afghan politi-
cians.

On Monday, a number of politicians
called on government to publicize the
list, so Afghan people understand who
are participating on behalf of them in
Beijing meeting.

“If we can’t form a national political

committee among government leaders,
political parties, civil society organiza-

tions and the National Assembly, we
won’t be able to have a single strong
position in the negotiation talks,” said
Qayoum Qasali, a lawyer from Chami
province.

“The government has held consulta-
tions with political parties and other

Afghanistan government will send a delegation to Beijing on Friday to
attend at the intra-Afghan peace conference in China.

PMs of Kazakhstan, Afghanistan

Pakistan Embassy in Kabul

interval of 3 to 5 years. After the exist-
ence of 2 years, the Embassy pass
will be expired.

Embassy Seal:

Abdullah’s Team Says

PMs of Kazakhstan, Afghanistan

in equal shares. Instead, friendship is grounded in a feeling

that you know exactly who will be there for you when

you need something, no matter what or when.

Quote of the Day

Simon Sinek

"If we can't form a national political

committees and efforts for collecting revenues

in a video conference with provincial

officials.

He instructed security officials to take
serious actions against those who resists

vote collection.

The country has collected 165 billion
afghans in revenue over the last 10
months, according to the minister of fi-
nance. The target set by IMF for 2019
is 200 billion afghans.

Mohammad Azim Kibrzani, secretary
of Ministry of Finance, said that the country would not
reach the target in the remaining two
months.

Meanwhile, President Ashraf Ghani on
Monday called for increasing coordination
and efforts for collecting revenues

in biometric data.

Abdullah Abdullah expressed gratitude to
Kazakhstan for the humanitarian and
other assistance provided, including through

--- (More on P4;2)

--- (More on P4;1)

KABUL - Afghanistan is on track
to miss revenue target set by the Interna-
tional Monetary Fund, the parliament’s
finance and budget commission said on
Monday.

On Monday, the commission announ-
ced that 86,226 votes had been de-
detected as failing to meet criteria after fil-
tering of biometric data by Dermalog, a company
that provided biometric machines.

The commission said that 2,843,107 votes
were valid votes and that it was ready to launch aud-
iting and recounting of the votes.

Akhlaqi said that all invalid votes should be de-
deleted before the process of recounting begins.
He also said that recounting should not be done
under supervision of officials who are accused of
involvement in fraud.

--- (More on P4;1)

KABUL - Pakistan’s embassy in Kabul
said on Sunday it was indefinitely
during its consular section from Monday as Islamic

lad confirmed that its diplomats had been
harassed.

Due to security reasons, Consular Sec-

tion of the Embassy of Pakistan, Kabul
will be closed from tomorrow Monday,
4th November, 2019 until further intima-
tion,” the embassy said in a statement on
Sunday.

Meanwhile, Pakistan’s foreign ministry said that it had summed Afghan charge
d’affairs on Sunday to convey “serious con-
cerns” over the safety and security of the
diplomatic personnel of its embassy in Kabul
during its consular section.

The statement said that the staff of the
embassy were being harassed over the past
two days. They were obstructed on the
road and the Embassy vehicles were also
hit by motorcycles while going towards
the embassy, it said.

The Afghan diplomat was asked to con-
vey to the authorities in Afghanistan immedi-
ately investigate those security violations and
harassment incidents, share report with the
Government of Pakistan in this regard, and ensure against recurrence of
such incidents in future, the statement
said.

Pakistan embassy and its four consulates in Afghanistan have issued 35,000 is-

s per month this year, according to the
embassy. Earlier, the embassy urged Af-
ghanis to apply for visa only if it is very
important for them to travel to the neigh-
bouring country.

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--- (TVw News)
Nov 5, 2019 - You may have some strong doubts about your current situation. You might feel stuck or unsure about your path forward. This can be temporary, so don’t get too caught up in it. Your intuition is strong, so try to trust your instincts. If you have some nagging doubts about your plans, it might be a good idea to consult with someone you trust or seek professional advice. This can help you gain clarity and move forward with confidence. Consider talking to a mentor or coach who can provide guidance and support. This is a great time to think about your goals and make any necessary adjustments to your plans. You can also brainstorm new ideas and strategies to overcome challenges. By taking a proactive approach, you can turn your doubts into opportunities for growth and success.
The Challenges of Gender Inequality in Afghanistan

The challenges of gender inequality in Afghanistan have been rising on for decades, as the modern society has transformed the role of a woman, which is vastly different from what it’s used to be in the traditional society. However, patriarchy and gender inequality is always a touchy topic when it comes to Afghanistan because of its largely influenced by religious beliefs and the diverse cultures. In many Parts of Afghanistan, women had to be subjugated to be lowly to men, as women are only seen to be bread winners and child bearers. 

Causes of gender inequality in Afghanistan

A. Improper Education

It might not be a strong point, but this is pointing more towards some parts of Afghanistan that are largely influenced by western views on women, to stick to cultural ones. Education is nothing if you leave all you learn in school and still behave like a savage when you get back home. In other words, it must be obvious that you are educated. There are two ways to this, a community that’s poorly educated can never know the worth of women and a woman that is not educated cannot know her rights. It has also been noticed that parents don’t usually encourage the education of their female children because they believe it will not benefit them. As money or success she earns in the future, due to her education, will be of her husband’s, not her’s.

B. Tradition and Culture

Tradition is said to be the custom of a particular society, while culture is the way of life. Tradition and Culture do not allow women become a rule in their society, the ethnical, political, and social views of a woman. In fact, it is deemed an alienation in almost every ethnic group. Thus, the typical cultural dogma has privileged men, thrones and political seats in Afghanistan.

C. Mentality

It’s hard to keep “mentality” as a standalone phrase, as it is largely influenced by religious beliefs and tradition. However, if you look at it from a subtext, you will find the reason why many women are not ambitious. The reason that many women are not ambitious is that they believe top positions are meant for men. Even some complain about their female boss simply because they are used to having male bosses. Another problem is that women want to occupy a political position or the hot seat in a company. Such a mentality is usually followed by the ambition of a woman, which is vastly different from what a man is expected to be. However, religion is one of the biggest contributors to gender inequality in the world. Muslims believe that women are the ones who are supposed to stay at home, to take care of the children. But they also believe that their male counterparts have the right to rule the world, as they are considered as the stronger sex. Therefore, Afghan women number numerous challenges to enjoy equality. Ensuring gender equality requires both the Afghan government and society to take bold and progressive steps to improve education and women’s participation. 

In 2016, Mansour was killed in a US drone strike in Balochistan for being a setback before peace talks and Mullah Haithullah succeeded him. Following his death, the Taliban leadership, however, signaled possible concessions. Taliban’s deputy supreme leader, Mullah Abdul Ghani Baradar, was expected to form a new cabinet for the Taliban’s deputy supreme leader, said in an audio message that the Taliban were not against peace talks if they were held on the basis of Islamic Sharia. In response to the question that the Taliban did not favor political dialogue, Haqqani was again asked by the US-Pakistan Political Consultative Committee to deal with the issue of negotiations. If we were opposed to talks, we would have never formed this commission. This was a consensus of the Taliban leadership.” He added that the Haqqani network was part of the Taliban leadership. However, the Taliban leadership had set preconditions for talks, which included re-opening their political office in Qatar, lifting of travel restrictions for their leaders, release of Taliban prisoners from Afghan prions in “Islamist Shura” to have their preconditions met. And on the basis, there was no other solution than to accept their prerequisites which would lead to a split. However, the Taliban have been viewed with mistrust and there was no assurance if they could uphold their word if their preconditions were met. The then President Hamid Karzai released a number of the Taliban prisoners despite the mistrust.

Therefore, perhaps the Taliban are discussing talks on the basis of Islamic Sharia” to have their preconditions met. And on the basis, there was no other solution than to accept their prerequisites which would lead to a split. However, the Taliban have been viewed with mistrust and there was no assurance if they could uphold their word if their preconditions were met. The then President Hamid Karzai released a number of the Taliban prisoners despite the mistrust.

What is the economy of workforce?

By: Mohammad Zahir Akbari

Taliban’s Complicated Attitude toward Peace Talks

By: Mohammad Zahir Akbari

The Taliban leadership did not adopt an outright policy towards peace talks. Omar’s successor Mullah Akhtar Mansour, dismissed talks about peace as “enemies’ propaganda” and emphasized that war would remain the only way togetColor the minds of their supporters and ensure their survival in Afghanistan.” A Taliban leader showed concern that holding negotiations with the Afghan government would only serve to legitimize the regime. “It is not a matter of losing, or that we would recognize the government,” threatened one Taliban leader. “It is a matter of gaining or losing, and this will mean all or nothing.”

However, the Taliban have been viewed with mistrust and there was no assurance if they could uphold their word if their preconditions were met. The then President Hamid Karzai released a number of the Taliban prisoners despite the mistrust. Therefore, perhaps the Taliban are discussing talks on the basis of Islamic Sharia”. A Taliban leader showed concern that holding negotiations with the Afghan government would only serve to legitimize the regime. “It is not a matter of losing, or that we would recognize the government,” threatened one Taliban leader. “It is a matter of gaining or losing, and this will mean all or nothing.”

The views and opinions expressed in the articles are those of the authors and do not reflect the views or opinions of the Daily Outlook Afghanistan.
Khan said the house was hit by an air-strike.

Akbar Khan, an old man in the village, said he doesn’t remember a peaceful day.

Local officials including provincial government spokesmen and the police chief denied making such a statement.

Kim is eyeing another summit with Trump.

Bornholmer Huette pub.

The streets were empty the next morning as I rolled back over to sleep.

Kim is eyeing another summit with Trump.

In November 20194

Microsoft Japan were big supporters of the Work-Life Choice Challenge Summer "Working Reform Project," called the "Working Reform Project," in August, the company carried out a "Summer Working Reform Project" where they gave their 2,300 employees every Friday during the month, according to sources.

Kim is eyeing another summit with Trump.

The annual summit allows Southeast Asian leaders to talk as a group with the West, to work toward making the formation of a strategic partnership a reality.

Kim is eyeing another summit with Trump.

The central part of Afghanistan. The Taliban and the militants of the radical parties.

Gehrhus added, noting that life’s necessities were taken care of, even if travel costs wereCells for Africa

People thought that they would now be living in the grip of a guerilla movement in a glossy magazine, many were entirely unprepared.

Sitting in between the epicentre, the wind was so strong, many were entirely unprepared. The region is so strong that just by making heavy rainfall, the wind was blowing. Some non-governmental countries have done very well in this region.

They want to impose their will on our country. They forced us out of our fields. In addition to national security advisories, they are creating a situation in the region.

But they also traveled to Bangkok with the idea of shouting that the region is under control.

AP News

Grozny

Kim is eyeing another summit with Trump.

Kim is eyeing another summit with Trump.
China, Kazakstan to Expand Cooperation in Multiple Areas, Beijing

BEIJING - Chinese Vice President Han Zheng met with Kazakhstan Deputy Prime Minister Akhalter Naev during a visit to China, as also co-chaired the meeting of the China-Kazakhstan Cooperation Committee. Han also held a meeting with the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of China Central Committee, said the development of bilateral ties had been healthy and steady to become a model of relations between neighboring countries.

Earlier this year, China and Kazakhstan updated their relations to a permanent comprehensive strategic partnership, which Han said showed a mature phase of bilateral relations.

The China-Kazakhstan Cooperation Committee, the most important cooperation mechanism, makes overall planning for (Mere on P.38)

South Sudan Faces Crisis in Forming New Coalition Government

NAIROBI, Kenya — South Sudan’s coalition government collapsed last week as the main opposition National Congress for Freedom and Change, led by the former rebel leader Salva Kiir and his former rival Riek Machar, tried to form a new government. The move comes amid growing foreign pressure to resolve the long-standing conflict in the world’s youngest nation. On Tuesday, the government said it would resign en masse, leading to a constitutional crisis that has left the country without a government for the first time since independence.

The collapse of the government, which was formed in December 2020, comes after several attempts to form a government failed due to political disagreements and a lack of progress on key issues such as the disbandment of the militia and the release of political prisoners. The government had been tasked with implementing a peace agreement signed in 2020 that aimed to end the country’s civil war and establish a new government.

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Alizada said: “We were in our caught fire in limits of the News said President Ashraf dental Palace media’s office jured included five children returning home,” Baghlan po “The landmine bomb targeted wounded in the explosion in At least eight civilians were forces to avenge the Taliban operations, including Anas Haqqani and members of the Taliban were arrested while Nabi was serving as the head of Afghanistan’s intelligence agency, the National Directorate of Security. "I heard there are important figures on the list: Anas Haqqani; Hafiz Radid; two leaders of the Taliban’s intelligence agency with two foreign professors who were kidnapped in 2016 while working for the American University, this exchange, according to sources, is being discussed by the U.S. officials and the Taliban to exchange for the sake of peace." Nabi. Meanwhile, sources close to the Taliban said that the Taliban and the US have so far not reached a final decision about who from the Taliban will be released if a swap happens. "An agreement was reached about a swap between the US and the Taliban, but a final decision has not been reached about the exact numbers of these individuals," said Sayed Ameer Agha, a former Taliban commander. However, several Arab countries, including Qatar and the United Arab Emirates, have so far not reached a final decision about who from the Taliban will be released if a swap happens.

KABUL - Acting Finance Minister Mohammad Hafizullah Quraishi testified before the Complaints Assessment Committee of the Afghan Senate – the Mazar-i-Sharif – to answer accusations about his receiving high salaries from foreign institutions, as well as to address accusations of corruption in the customs office of the Finance Ministry. This was the first appearance of Quraishi since documents came to light suggesting that he had been given foreign salaries while serving as finance minister of Afghanistan. The head of the committee, Zalmay Razavi, questioned Quraishi about the following matters: • Quraishi’s foreign salaries from an American institute when he was serving as President Ghani’s advisor in 2018. • The $700 million ($8.9 million) budget provided by the Finance Ministry to the State Ministry for Peace Affairs. • The government’s efforts to win $5 billion loan from Arab nations. Quraishi responded to questions about seeking money from Arab lenders. "A loan is received after it is approved by the parliament. So far, not even one Afghan government has been taken a big part of the $5.5 billion self-sufficiency which will come from private investment," Quraishi said. He answered the following about his foreign salaries: "I have written a statement about my salaries and I have not received a salary from anywhere since I began serving as finance minister." The head of the Senate committee asked Quraishi to comment on the findings of the audit office of the Ministry of Finance. While reporting that appointments in the customs office were made without a fair and transparent procedure, the Senate committee asked Quraishi to comment on the findings of the finance minister’s advisor in 2018. Mr. Qayoumi said that the government will make a decision regarding the issue with the national interests of Afghanistan. (More on P4, (5)

Ghani Vows Revenge for Innocent Baghlan Lives

Those Impeding Revenue Collection Must Face Law: Ghani

Fuel Station Catches Fire; Cause Yet to be Determined

Kabul Knows Berlin Supports Afghan Peace Bid: NSA

Logar Produces 54 Tonnes of Onions This Year

FULL-ALAM - Onion yield has increased amid growing demand in central Logar province, an official said on Monday. Agricultural Director Abdul Rahim Jawad told Pajhwok Afghan News in an exclusive interview that the crop had expanded across an area of 3,400 hectares in the province. The onion cultivation in the province was recorded at 54,000 metric tonnes, Jawad said, adding per seven kilo- grammes of the vegetable accounted for 120 to 150 afghanis in Logar. He called the crop yield this year significantly good. Log- ari’s climate is ideal for onion cultivation, according to the official. This year we provided growers with improved onion seed varieties. A director, whose department advised farmers on how to prevent possible diseases. A farmer from Mohammad Agha district, Azizullah, voiced pleasure over the yield of onion. He also ex- pressed happiness with the onion’s price. Other growers are also happy with the onion yield and price. (Pajhwok)