Reconstruction of Ruined Palace Begins in Afghan Capital

KABUL - President Ashraf Ghani dedicated an ambitious reconstruction project on Monday to restore the ruins of his historic Darul Aman palace, an initiative aimed at signaling a new future for the war-torn country. Much of Kabul has been re-purposed since devastating civil years, but the palace has gathered dust atop a hill on the outskirts of the capital, a sacred memorial to the country’s shahs.

"Today, we witness returning the past while building a foundation for the future," Ghani said, standing inside the bomb-out shell of the structure. Built in a matter of days in the early 1920s, the palace has been a symbol of lavish living at a time when the region was relatively peaceful. It was repeatedly turned, including during the last occupation in 1979, before being heavily damaged by fighting and abandoned during the civil war in the 1990s.

Until recently, curious visitors who made their way through the crumbling, bullet-marked walls of Darul Aman and the neighboring Tahsunset Palace were turned away at the entrance, situated in the middle of a freshly reconstructed, upper-class neighborhood. The palace was inaugurated in December. "We have completed restorations of the palace," Ghani said.

The palace was constructed by the Afghan government in August 2006 after it was approved by the Council of Ministers, but the palace took years to return to its former glory. A landmark from central Kabul is now back in place and a visit to the lower house for the president.

The palace was re-inaugurated on Monday, September 24, 2020, with a ceremony attended by foreign dignitaries and Afghan officials. The palace was inaugurated after a $100 million restoration project, which was funded by India, the United States, and the United Arab Emirates.

Indian PM to Inaugurate Salma Dam on June 4

KARUL - Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi will visit Afghanistan this week to inaugurate a $100 million project in Western Herat province, a news channel reported. After his trip to the war-torn country, where India is sponsoring several reconstruction projects, Modi will fly to the US to address a joint session of the Congress on June 8.

On Sunday, Modi visited Afghanistan's Darul Aman palace in the presence of the Afghan president, Mohammad Ashraf Ghani. The palace was inaugurated in December, after a $100 million restoration project, which was funded by India, the United States, and the United Arab Emirates.

KABUL - Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi will visit Afghanistan this week to inaugurate a $100 million project in Western Herat province, a news channel reported. After his trip to the war-torn country, where India is sponsoring several reconstruction projects, Modi will fly to the US to address a joint session of the Congress on June 8.

On Sunday, Modi visited Afghanistan's Darul Aman palace in the presence of the Afghan president, Mohammad Ashraf Ghani. The palace was inaugurated in December, after a $100 million restoration project, which was funded by India, the United States, and the United Arab Emirates.

KABUL - President Ashraf Ghani dedicated an ambitious reconstruction project on Monday to restore the ruins of his historic Darul Aman palace, an initiative aimed at signaling a new future for the war-torn country. Much of Kabul has been re-purposed since devastating civil years, but the palace has gathered dust atop a hill on the outskirts of the capital, a sacred memorial to the country’s shahs.

"Today, we witness returning the past while building a foundation for the future," Ghani said, standing inside the bomb-out shell of the structure. Built in a matter of days in the early 1920s, the palace has been a symbol of lavish living at a time when the region was relatively peaceful. It was repeatedly turned, including during the last occupation in 1979, before being heavily damaged by fighting and abandoned during the civil war in the 1990s.

Until recently, curious visitors who made their way through the crumbling, bullet-marked walls of Darul Aman and the neighboring Tahsunset Palace were turned away at the entrance, situated in the middle of a freshly reconstructed, upper-class neighborhood. The palace was inaugurated in December. "We have completed restorations of the palace," Ghani said.

The palace was constructed by the Afghan government in August 2006 after it was approved by the Council of Ministers, but the palace took years to return to its former glory. A landmark from central Kabul is now back in place and a visit to the lower house for the president.

The palace was re-inaugurated on Monday, September 24, 2020, with a ceremony attended by foreign dignitaries and Afghan officials. The palace was inaugurated after a $100 million restoration project, which was funded by India, the United States, and the United Arab Emirates.

Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi will visit Afghanistan this week to inaugurate a $100 million project in Western Herat province, a news channel reported. After his trip to the war-torn country, where India is sponsoring several reconstruction projects, Modi will fly to the US to address a joint session of the Congress on June 8.

On Sunday, Modi visited Afghanistan's Darul Aman palace in the presence of the Afghan president, Mohammad Ashraf Ghani. The palace was inaugurated in December, after a $100 million restoration project, which was funded by India, the United States, and the United Arab Emirates.

KABUL - President Ashraf Ghani dedicated an ambitious reconstruction project on Monday to restore the ruins of his historic Darul Aman palace, an initiative aimed at signaling a new future for the war-torn country. Much of Kabul has been re-purposed since devastating civil years, but the palace has gathered dust atop a hill on the outskirts of the capital, a sacred memorial to the country’s shahs.

"Today, we witness returning the past while building a foundation for the future," Ghani said, standing inside the bomb-out shell of the structure. Built in a matter of days in the early 1920s, the palace has been a symbol of lavish living at a time when the region was relatively peaceful. It was repeatedly turned, including during the last occupation in 1979, before being heavily damaged by fighting and abandoned during the civil war in the 1990s.

Until recently, curious visitors who made their way through the crumbling, bullet-marked walls of Darul Aman and the neighboring Tahsunset Palace were turned away at the entrance, situated in the middle of a freshly reconstructed, upper-class neighborhood. The palace was inaugurated in December. "We have completed restorations of the palace," Ghani said.

The palace was constructed by the Afghan government in August 2006 after it was approved by the Council of Ministers, but the palace took years to return to its former glory. A landmark from central Kabul is now back in place and a visit to the lower house for the president.

The palace was re-inaugurated on Monday, September 24, 2020, with a ceremony attended by foreign dignitaries and Afghan officials. The palace was inaugurated after a $100 million restoration project, which was funded by India, the United States, and the United Arab Emirates.

Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi will visit Afghanistan this week to inaugurate a $100 million project in Western Herat province, a news channel reported. After his trip to the war-torn country, where India is sponsoring several reconstruction projects, Modi will fly to the US to address a joint session of the Congress on June 8.

On Sunday, Modi visited Afghanistan's Darul Aman palace in the presence of the Afghan president, Mohammad Ashraf Ghani. The palace was inaugurated in December, after a $100 million restoration project, which was funded by India, the United States, and the United Arab Emirates.

KABUL - President Ashraf Ghani dedicated an ambitious reconstruction project on Monday to restore the ruins of his historic Darul Aman palace, an initiative aimed at signaling a new future for the war-torn country. Much of Kabul has been re-purposed since devastating civil years, but the palace has gathered dust atop a hill on the outskirts of the capital, a sacred memorial to the country’s shahs.

"Today, we witness returning the past while building a foundation for the future," Ghani said, standing inside the bomb-out shell of the structure. Built in a matter of days in the early 1920s, the palace has been a symbol of lavish living at a time when the region was relatively peaceful. It was repeatedly turned, including during the last occupation in 1979, before being heavily damaged by fighting and abandoned during the civil war in the 1990s.

Until recently, curious visitors who made their way through the crumbling, bullet-marked walls of Darul Aman and the neighboring Tahsunset Palace were turned away at the entrance, situated in the middle of a freshly reconstructed, upper-class neighborhood. The palace was inaugurated in December. "We have completed restorations of the palace," Ghani said.

The palace was constructed by the Afghan government in August 2006 after it was approved by the Council of Ministers, but the palace took years to return to its former glory. A landmark from central Kabul is now back in place and a visit to the lower house for the president.

The palace was re-inaugurated on Monday, September 24, 2020, with a ceremony attended by foreign dignitaries and Afghan officials. The palace was inaugurated after a $100 million restoration project, which was funded by India, the United States, and the United Arab Emirates.

KABUL - President Ashraf Ghani dedicated an ambitious reconstruction project on Monday to restore the ruins of his historic Darul Aman palace, an initiative aimed at signaling a new future for the war-torn country. Much of Kabul has been re-purposed since devastating civil years, but the palace has gathered dust atop a hill on the outskirts of the capital, a sacred memorial to the country’s shahs.

"Today, we witness returning the past while building a foundation for the future," Ghani said, standing inside the bomb-out shell of the structure. Built in a matter of days in the early 1920s, the palace has been a symbol of lavish living at a time when the region was relatively peaceful. It was repeatedly turned, including during the last occupation in 1979, before being heavily damaged by fighting and abandoned during the civil war in the 1990s.

Until recently, curious visitors who made their way through the crumbling, bullet-marked walls of Darul Aman and the neighboring Tahsunset Palace were turned away at the entrance, situated in the middle of a freshly reconstructed, upper-class neighborhood. The palace was inaugurated in December. "We have completed restorations of the palace," Ghani said.

The palace was constructed by the Afghan government in August 2006 after it was approved by the Council of Ministers, but the palace took years to return to its former glory. A landmark from central Kabul is now back in place and a visit to the lower house for the president.

The palace was re-inaugurated on Monday, September 24, 2020, with a ceremony attended by foreign dignitaries and Afghan officials. The palace was inaugurated after a $100 million restoration project, which was funded by India, the United States, and the United Arab Emirates.