The Challenges Hampering the Development of Afghanistan

By Abdul Ahad Bahrami

Representatives of twenty member countries of G7+ group met at the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) during the climate conference in Marrakesh, to discuss ways of achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The conference, which was attended by more than 160 heads of states and government representatives, was held in the context of the global climate crisis, with the world facing the threat of a global warming of 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels.

Despite the Paris agreement, which was signed in 2015, and the establishment of the Paris Agreement Climate Change Fund (PACCF), the pace of climate action has been slow. The meeting in Marrakesh was expected to accelerate climate action and bring countries closer to the goal of the Paris agreement.

The conference was attended by members of the G7+ and the UN, including the United Nations Secretary-General, António Guterres. The meeting was expected to focus on the implementation of the Paris agreement, including the funding for climate action, the role of the private sector, and the engagement of civil society.

Despite the high-level meeting, the pace of climate action remains slow. The meeting in Marrakesh was expected to bring countries closer to the goal of the Paris agreement, but the pace of implementation remains slow.

The G7+ countries are expected to play a key role in accelerating climate action. The group, which includes the United States, Japan, China, India, and other major economies, is expected to provide leadership in the implementation of the Paris agreement.

The meeting in Marrakesh was expected to be a key moment in the implementation of the Paris agreement, with the G7+ countries expected to play a key role in accelerating climate action and bringing countries closer to the goal of the Paris agreement.