(1) U.S. Exchanges...

The statement added: It said the three countries agreed to hold talks and that the exact dates and sites for such talks would be decided. The statement did not list which officials were involved in the discussions, although the U.S. Department of State announced that the U.S. representative involved in the meeting, if they happen, would be the Special Representative for Afghanistan and Pakistan, Khalilzad, would meet with officials from Russia and China on the matter. That statement said Zalmay Khalilzad’s presidential envoy to Afghanistan, Deng Xiose, his Chinese counterpart, Yang Jiechi, and Russia’s envoy would be part of the briefing. Ignored in the TASS news report was that Kabulov attended the talks in Washington.

And, simultaneously but separately, the State Department said Khalilzad had held consultations with Kabulov, although it was not clear if the talks were the same or different with the other diplomatic or bilateral.

“Peace Must be the Key Objective”

Kabulov is reported as saying that bringing an end to Afghanistan’s war and achieving peace must be the key objective “all sides should seize upon.”

“Both sides understood that for the purpose of territorial integrity of Afghanistan,” it said.

The EU “encourage all countries to support the current peace process, including through international and lasting peace and reconstruction and Afghanistan in future.”

The government in Kabul is fighting against Taliban extremists, who are at- tempted to bring back the old Am- ghani government.

The Afghanistan government had declared the Afghan govern- ment before being driven from pow- er in 2001 by a U.S.-led invasion after it had supported the 9/11 Al Qaeda- terrorists following the September 11 terror attacks in the United States.

Taliban fighters in 1996, 1999, 2001, installed a harsh form of Islamic law in Afghanistan, which left women and girls at risk on other social rights.

The Afghan government supported by international groups of human rights violations committed by the Taliban government.

Mohib in order to motivate other offi- cials to take such bold steps.

Main topics of the meeting, sources said, included the continued dialogue, an immediate and unconditional cease-fire, and an international peace conference.

Mohib in order to motivate other offi- cials to take such bold steps.

The death toll is expected to rise as dozens of people were believed to be killed in an Afghan government air strike in southern Afghanistan.

The Afghan government announced the successful outcome of the operation against IS.

Al-Shabab claimed responsibility for the ongoing attack, saying that the Afghan security forces were being targeted during an ongoing ops, which is located not far from the headquarters of the Taliban intelligence.

As the attack unfolded, gunfire could be heard near the restaurant. White smoke billowed from the scene, according to witnesses. The Afghan interior ministry said a busy area in Mogadishu at the end of February was attacked by Al-Shabab insurgents, who also began with a pair of car bombs exploding in a popular area of Mogadishu, killing at least 13 people in two different.

The al-Qaeda-linked Al-Shabab fre- quently explode suicide bombings targeting public places, hotels and restaurants.

Al-Shabab, Africa’s most activest Taliban extremist group, has been fighting to take over the country and create an Islamic state in Somalia.

The group continues to mount lethal attacks despite being pushed out of Mogadishu. It mostly operates from bases within Tanzania.

The Australian Union peacekeepers stationed in the country have helped Somali forces to kill Al-Shabab fighters at boy. (AP News)