Jalriz Incident: Failures, Ambiguities and Distrusts

By Abdul Ahad Bahrani

In the wake of the deadly Jalriz battle between Taliban fighters and Afghan security forces in Jalriz district of Ghor province, there have been growing public and political pressures on the government to provide more resources and to appropriately deal with the incident. The government has failed to take clear and decisive actions to address the problem, and the crisis has led to the creation of a political atmosphere characterized by negative, undermining, extension, and refutation. Earlier the U.S. Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction (SIGAR) has revealed numerous “ghost schools” in Ghor province, which have been appointed as instructors in the schools. It’s outrageous to record.(sigar.gov) It is affirmed by the serving head of the province confirming salaries of HRC officials has revealed numerous “ghost schools” in Ghor province, which have been appointed as instructors in the schools. It’s outrageous to recognize. SIGAR, the United States government Official "The United States government has been providing nearly $1 billion USD to support education in Afghanistan since March 31, 2015.

With the related events and reactions unfolding, there are more questions emerging over the leadership and management of the war efforts and provide timely reimbursement when needed. Afghan militaries' lack of action to eliminate the Taliban’s control over the district and the Afghan security forces’ poor performance and mismanagement of operations.

The attacks in Jalriz province once again showed how the situation of the Afghan security forces and the apparatus of intelligence are not controlled by the Kabul government. The people need to con- sider local resistance and protection units against the militant groups, which have been poorly governed –the cries for lack of resources is high, however when the Afghan forces fight the Taliban for hours. It is widely believed that a range of individuals and agencies were involved in the Jalriz attack. In a heated parliamentary session, MPs in the Lower House of the parliament, the Wolesi Jirga, for example, explained how police forces fighting the Taliban were not backed up by reinforcement, saying “there was certainly an involvement with the incident.”

The incident and its political ramifications are raising grave questions over the leadership and management of the war efforts, the apparent lack of action from local authorities and central security authorities may not be sufficiently investigated and addressed by the government. The government should be able to find the answers for the systemic failures and the apparent betrayal from all related security agencies and the provincial authorities to provide reinforcement to the forces fighting the Taliban for hours.

Ambiguities and Distrusts

The views and opinions expressed in the articles are those of the authors and do not reflect the views or opinions of the Daily Afghanistan. Afghan forces have been engaged in a large-scale operation against the Taliban in Ghor province, killing dozens of fighters and capturing several key positions. The operation was launched in response to the Taliban’s recent attacks in the area, which has led to an increase in tensions and security concerns. The conflict has been ongoing for several years, with the Taliban fighting against the Afghan government and its international partners. The situation is complex and volatile, with both sides using a combination of conventional and asymmetric tactics, including suicide bombings, ambushes, and intelligence operations. The conflict has resulted in significant human suffering, with thousands of deaths and injuries reported. The government has been criticized for its inability to effectively contain the Taliban and protect its citizens. The situation is further complicated by the presence of a complex insurgency, with local factions and foreign fighters involved. The Afghan government has been assisted by international forces, including the United States military, but the situation remains challenging. The Taliban have been able to maintain a strong presence in the region, despite the efforts of the government and its allies. The situation is likely to remain volatile for the foreseeable future, with both sides continuing to fight for control of territory and influence.