said that the Strategic Partnership Agreement is a milestone and will inevitably go down in history.

In this agreement, relations between the two countries will remain sustainable and based on mutual respect.

In addition, President Berdimuhamedov said his country strongly supported the Afghan government.

In Afghanistan through diplomatic means and that Turkmenistan is ready to cooperate with Afghanistan in this regard.

Aware that terrorism is a serious problem in the region and the world and that the Afghan government is trying to coordinate its actions.

Currently, Afghanistan and Turkmenistan are working on projects that will benefit the two countries.

The 214-kilometer gas pipeline from Turkmenistan will pass through Afghanistan and India. The pipeline will deliver up to 30 billion cubic meters of gas to the two countries.

The final destination of the pipeline will be the Indian town of Fazilka, near its border with Pakistan.

The project will cost $2.5 billion. The pipeline is a part of the TAPI (Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, Pakistan, India) natural gas pipeline project.

Afghanistan is expected to earn more than $400 million USD in transit duties over the next ten years.

According to President Ashraf Ghani, the project will create thousands of jobs and strengthen bilateral relations.

Ghani said the Afghans will be able to get jobs and their country will benefit.

The pipeline is expected to increase Afghan gas exports.

The aid distribution comes after 50 to 60 cents per person was snowed in parts of the country.

Some themes have said that the implementation of TAPI project will create over 12,000 jobs in Afghanistan and that the country will gain $1 billion in benefits from the project annually.

All You Need To Know About TAPI Project was inaugurated by leaders of Afghanistan, Turkmenistan, Pakistan, and India on February 23, 2019.

The 4.5-kilometer-long pipeline, which is scheduled to be completed by the end of May this year. (Tolo news)

The pipeline will run through Herat, Farah, Nimroz, Helmand, and Kandahar provinces and then cross into India.

The pipeline will pass through the Kandahar-Herat highway and cross into Afghanistan.

The pipeline will run through Herat, Farah, Nimroz, Helmand, and Kandahar provinces and then cross into India.

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