In the Name of God, the Most Merciful, the Most Kind

February 12, 2018

Afghanistan : Drought and climate effect changes

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The water resources are heavily dependent on annual rain fall and snow melt, which is made up of 30% of the total water needs of the country. The government has faced several challenges in this regard. Afghanistan has been experiencing intensified concerns over increase of droughts and climate change effects. As a result, the International Community,特别是 the UN, has been provided 1.5 million tones of food aid from abroad. Recently, Tobin Lanor, as联合国 Humanitarian Coordinator for Afghanistan, expressed great concerns over a possible drought in Afghanistan next year. The UN continues to support the Afghan government in preventing possible food shortage in the country.

The authorities of steady droughts across Afghanistan’s northern, northeastern, central and southern provinces could lead to a large-scale food crisis. According to Taliban, nearly three million people are facing severe food shortages as a result of drought in 14 of Afghanistan’s provinces. Eighty percent of the non-exported wheat crop, which people rely on for food and income, has been lost.

On the other hand, droughts and other natural disaster put millions of people into food insecurity.

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