Referring to the democratic processes in many countries, it is clear that countries have to contribute more in order to achieve democracy in its real sense. “Democracy must come to us and to all the people in this region, but it is not coming,” he said. “We have been verification of all the democratic systems, because we want our people to be aware of the truth on its peak and this is a great responsibility.” In his speech, Abdullah noted that there is a need for peace and stability in Afghan and the need for education and cooperation to the Afghan issue.

“We warmly welcome India to the Ministry of interior” Waziri, a spokesman to ministry of interior said, “We will continue our mission in Afghanistan and that the most urgent task is to contain the Taliban forces, which is a very important task for the international community to be involved in this mission, and provide support to the Afghan forces.”

(6) Terrorism, Narcotics

Waziri said the Taliban had been in this situation for the last 15 years and the use of violence and terror against the Afghan government had been utilized to cause a lot of damage, which cannot be allowed to exercise on any part of Afghanistan’s territory in any manner whatsoever, as that would deprive the Afghans of the gains of the last nearly one and half decades of the Afghan people against threats which the people of Afghanistan and international community had medically fought during the past 15 years.

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Kandahar airport, Shadi Khan, a tribal elder in Sangin district, said he was expecting the Taliban to arrive.

“We are extremely grateful for the support of the Afghan people India’s durty,” said the Indian government delegate. “We are with the Afghan people in solidarity as Afghans take up the responsibility to Afghans a large part of the second match against Bhutan in the World Cup. We are with the Afghan people in solidarity as Afghans take up the responsibility to Afghans a large part of the second match against Bhutan in the World Cup.

UN launches emergency appeal for Afghanistan

The UN has launched an emergency appeal for Afghanistan, as the country faces a severe humanitarian crisis. The appeal calls for $567 million to support critical aid and relief efforts in the most affected areas.

The appeal is aimed at providing essential services to millions of people across the country who are facing food shortages, water scarcity, and other challenges. It is particularly focused on provinces such as Baghlan, Ghor, and Wardak, where the needs are most acute.

The UN’s humanitarian chief, Martin Griffiths, said the appeal was necessary to avert a “humanitarian catastrophe” in Afghanistan. He warned that without urgent action, the situation could spiral out of control, with millions of people at risk of starvation and dehydration.

The appeal includes funding for emergency food aid, water supplies, health care, and other essential services. It also calls for support for families affected by conflict and displacement, including those who have been forced to flee their homes due to violence.

Griffiths said the appeal was a “call to action” for governments, agencies, and individuals around the world to come together to address the urgent needs of the Afghan people.

“My colleagues and I are here today to appeal to the international community to give generously and urgently to this appeal,” he said. “The people of Afghanistan are in desperate need of help, and every dollar that we receive will make a real difference in their lives.”

The appeal comes amid growing concerns about the situation in Afghanistan, where the country is in the midst of a ongoing conflict and economic crisis. The UN has warned that the situation could worsen if international aid is not provided quickly.

The appeal is due to be presented to the United Nations Security Council next week, and will be followed by donor meetings in the coming weeks. The goal is to raise the full amount needed by April, when the next UN humanitarian appeal will be launched.

(19)UN must be...