Human Rights – The Cornerstone of Human Rights

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Recognition of the "inherent dignity" of mankind is the foundation of freedom, justice and peace in the world. Human rights are the fundamental rights of individuals to which members of the human family are entitled and are not dependent on the social or political systems prevailing in individuals or states. Human rights include the right to life, liberty, and the prohibition of slavery and torture. The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) are the two major UN human rights treaties. The UN Human Rights Committee, which monitors the implementation of these treaties, has issued General Comments on various aspects of the rights.

Justice is Impossible without Equality

Justice in its universal meaning can be impossible without equality in its universal meaning. The concept of justice is defined as the fair and impartial treatment of all individuals. Equality, in turn, refers to the state of being equal in rights and opportunities. Without equality, justice cannot be realized.

The concept of equality is not new. It has been advocated since ancient times. Plato, Aristotle, and John Locke are some of the philosophers who emphasized the importance of equality.

Equality is the foundation of justice. Without equality, justice cannot exist. Equality is not just about treating everyone the same; it is about recognizing and valuing the differences between individuals.

In summary, justice and equality are interconnected concepts. Without equality, justice is impossible. Equality is crucial for the realization of justice.

Human dignity is indivisible and inalienable, it is the essence of human rights. It is the recognition that every human being is a person of worth, with inherent dignity and rights.

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