Superstitions are Misleading

By Hyojullah Zia

The war on terror was ushered in following the 9/11 inci-
dent, to dominate Alma and to deny it a safe base of op-
erations in the country. The US, under the leadership of US
President George W. Bush, launched an attack on Al Qaeda
and its allies. The United Nations Security Council, unani-
mously adopted Resolution 1368, which declared the Taliban
regime collapsed and insurgency felled in the country.

The government launched a series of policies to challenge the
superstitious beliefs that are transmitted to them from dif-
fferent sets of beliefs, are dominantly marked with superstitions.

The Constitution of Afghanistan was adopted based on democ-
"I am not a superstitious person but I am quite concerned about the superstitious beliefs that are transmitted to them from their ances-
tors. Many of such thoughts are now the part of different sorts of folk stories and legends. In addition, there is a tendency in many of the people not to question the superstitions that are transferred to them.

At the same time it must be kept in mind that most of the superstitions are taught to the people as a part of their nourishment, while they are too small to distinguish between right and wrong. So, they are already inclined in them by the time they become young. It can also be observed that superstitions are more common in backward societies that are stuck with religious fundamentalism and hardline religious val-êu; beliefs. Superstitions may affect people in different ways. First of all, the most common impairing of superstitions is that it keeps the people away from finding out the real cause of a particular happening. Relying on the given superstitions, it is very hard to find the real cause for the truth and to remain unfeigned. This does not guarantee any struggle on their part for the truth, but instead it makes them to remain unfeigned from the facts. Moreover, the minds that believe in superstitions can be easily util-
ized by those who have business based on such superstitions beliefs.

Afghan society is a kind of society that is marked with extremist religious beliefs and traditional values. There is great shortage of analytic way of thinking and to some extent religious thinking and keeping on filling their pockets. We can find a lot of people in our society seeking for the services of Mullahs for making their present problems disappear or guarantee a prosperous future. Moreover, there are not many people who dare to question whether such acts or religious or not. Supernatural and religious thoughts and beliefs are not far away from reality, making us create a world of imaginations where things happen on the basis of superstitions and beliefs. So, these superstitions and beliefs should be completely neglected and must be questioned seriously, especially in the societies like Afghanistan where the present life is so difficult. There are no resources to con-
cerning their life and society and have to carry out necessary measures to curb them. They have to develop a thorough approach, wherein they have to question the religion and religious laws in the same way as they question the laws of the natural

The war on terror did not give the desired result. The graph of vi-
cious criminals, caused by insurgency and terrorism, is high and the violation of human rights is a graver practice in the coun-
try of the Taliban. The Taliban have intensified their offensives, but they have encountered the establishment of the new government in the country.

The Constitution of Afghanistan was adopted based on democ-

in the field of security and economic stagnation. In this context, the war on terror is a highly critical issue and an irreparable loss for the nation and state.

Aside all, the military has been compounded with the emergence of the Afghan National Army (ANA) and the Afghan National Police (ANP). A number of reports have been released by the Afghan government and NATO that say the country has a total of 15,000 Afghan army officers, 34,000 police officers, and 1,600 female police officers.

In fact, terrorism remains a serious threat to Afghan nation and Afghan Taliban. He can be reached at zia_hujjat@yahoo.com

During 2015, the army lost 2,500 soldiers and 1,400 of the service members were wounded in the war. In addition to that, the government has also launched an offensive against the Taliban in the southern Helmand Province, the stronghold of the Taliban in Afghanistan.

Trump’s Choice on Climate Change

By Stephen Cheney

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