Socialization is Important?

Social media held sway and led to great evolution around the globe. This evolution is multifarious; it can be both positive and negative, which is common with many issues. With the development of human societies, political and technological advancements, people participated in using social media on a larger scale around the world. With social media, people moreover socialized across kinds of social media in their daily life. Facebook, Twitter, Telegram, WhatsApp, and so on and so many will enter the market in the future.

After years, Facebook and other kinds of social media also entered into the daily life of all of Facebook users, and the phenomenon of social networking stands on a wider scale than ever. It has strengthened or weakened the political system, and in the governance of the country. It determines the type of participation in politics and governance by the people. It is with no doubt, the political aspect of the general process of socialization which is always taking place in every society and culture.

Political learning begins early in family life, when the child is still young, when different treatment of the little boys and girls produces different political dispositions in boys and girls. Boys and girls may develop towards a particular type of political behavior, philosophy, and ideology.

At the same time, it causes stability or instability, continuity or change towards a particular type of political behavior, philosophy, and ideology. One of the reasons is that people who are not fully aware of their political circumstances and can easily be considered it to be an evil instead of a blessing. This gives rise to individuals who are not politicized in any manner. They keep their members away from politics and advise them to keep a distance from it. In such provision, their influence produces some destabilizing effect on the growth of democracies. Hence, we have a politically aware and active young generation.

We need to have a politically aware and active young generation. The different institutions in the political socialization within the family is also influenced by certain groups that are outside the family; such as tribes, casts, clans and ethnicities. In tribal societies, like Afghanistan, the political socialization takes place within the family. In tribal societies, like Afghanistan, the political socialization within the family is also influenced by certain groups that are outside the family; such as tribes, casts, clans and ethnicities.

There are different agents of political socialization. Some of them are relatively active and insist the political attitude among the individuals in a compelling manner; while some others are passive in this regard and do not directly promote such socialization. Family is among the active agents of political socialization. Most of the basic political socialization takes place within the family. In tribal societies, like Afghanistan, the political socialization within the family is also influenced by certain groups that are outside the family; such as tribes, casts, clans and ethnicities.

Another powerful agent is educational institution. Not only the political attitude and beliefs of the teachers influence their students, their education is purposefully imparted to them. This is one reason why certain subjects relate to the civil education. Moreover, patriarch is also a significant factor. It is in schools that students get their first lessons of democracy. They learn about their rights and duties. Their attitude and behavior are mostly submissive. There are different agents of political socialization. Some of them are relatively active and insist the political attitude among the individuals in a compelling manner; while some others are passive in this regard and do not directly promote such socialization. Family is among the active agents of political socialization. Most of the basic political socialization takes place within the family. In tribal societies, like Afghanistan, the political socialization within the family is also influenced by certain groups that are outside the family; such as tribes, casts, clans and ethnicities.

The Achilles Heel of Putin's Regime

Socialization is a formal and informal process of social or cultural learning by which the individual acquires skills, knowledge, beliefs and values that are socially evaluated and are intentionally and unintentionally absorbed by the individual or citizens. Being a significant process, it orientates the people towards an individualistic or collective, a political, social, and cultural goals, and beliefs and are intentionally and unintentionally absorbed by the individual or citizens. Being a significant process, it orientates the people towards an individualistic or collective, a political, social, and cultural goals, and beliefs and are intentionally and unintentionally absorbed by the individual or citizens. Being a significant process, it orientates the people towards an individualistic or collective, a political, social, and cultural goals, and beliefs and are intentionally and unintentionally absorbed by the individual or citizens.