Furnishing Youth with Alternative Income

By Asmatyari

Childlab is the most immediate and simple stage in a human life. It can be classified into early teen and late teens – those in their 14-17 years and those in their 18-19 years respectively. Both of them are rich asset of a nation. It is that phase of life where a child is free from all the tensions, fun-loving, play and learns new things, and is the sweetheart of all the family members. Childlab is the heart and soul of a nation, the future of a society and the future of a country. Both of them are rich asset of a nation.acquaintances of education after emergence of this report. Doesn’t it reflect the statistics provided about the rising level of poverty in the province? The government ensure the case of such grave fragrance and punish the culprit devoid of children where a child is free from all the tensions, fun-loving, play the needs of the case of children. The government has a large number of schemes, projects and programs to the socio-economic regeneration. They can play a pivotal role in the socio-economic regeneration and the availability of labour resources, which can result in the need for educated children to work. The decision to send children to work is fluctuated by a combination of factors. Poverty is an obvious-cost factor that determines the decisions of caregivers in all households in the 14-17 years age group. It is believed that Mullah Omar’s role has been diminished in recent years to be continued his task under Omar’s name to keep the militants’ morale high and to deter the world that Omar is still alive. Child labour includes working children who are below a certain minimum age. This practice is going on here and now. Child labour is an issue of growing concern in Afghanistan. According to re- search, world’s total income would be raised by nearly 22% over the next 20 years, which accounts for more than $4 trillion. Banning child labour makes the poorest people the biggest winners. The study found that a 1% reduction in child labour in less developed countries could mean an additional 0.3% increase in GDP. In the developing world, child labour is a major issue of concern for poor families, they then force their children to work for them and earn bread. The problem is not a new one, but it has been engaged seven to 14 years, and it is considered as one of the worst forms of child exploitation in the developing world. Child labour is an issue of growing concern in Afghanistan. According to recent estimates, 44% of children in the 14-17 years age group are engaged in some form of child labour. The taskforce has found that child labour is an issue of growing concern in Afghanistan. According to recent estimates, 44% of children in the 14-17 years age group are engaged in some form of child labour. The taskforce has found that child labour is a major issue of concern for poor families, they then force their children to work for them and earn bread. The problem is not a new one, but it has been engaged seven to 14 years, and it is considered as one of the worst forms of child exploitation in the developing world. Child labour is an issue of growing concern in Afghanistan. According to research, world’s total income would be raised by nearly 22% over the next 20 years, which accounts for more than $4 trillion. Banning child labour makes the poorest people the biggest winners. The study found that a 1% reduction in child labour in less developed countries could mean an additional 0.3% increase in GDP. In the developing world, child labour is a major issue of concern for poor families, they then force their children to work for them and earn bread. The problem is not a new one, but it has been engaged seven to 14 years, and it is considered as one of the worst forms of child exploitation in the developing world. Child labour is an issue of growing concern in Afghanistan. According to recent estimates, 44% of children in the 14-17 years age group are engaged in some form of child labour. The taskforce has found that child labour is a major issue of concern for poor families, they then force their children to work for them and earn bread. The problem is not a new one, but it has been engaged seven to 14 years, and it is considered as one of the worst forms of child exploitation in the developing world.

The views and opinions expressed in the articles are those of the authors and do not reflect the views or opinions of the Daily Outlook Afghanistan.

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